### **The Sodium Reduction Journey**

WHO and FSA Exchange Forum on Salt Reduction London, June 30, 2010

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13 May 2008

Her Excellency Dr. Margaret Chan Director General World Health Organization 20 Avenue Appia Geneva, Switzerland

#### **Commitment 1:**

**Product Composition & Availability** 

Dear Dr. Chan:

RE: A Global Commitment to Action on the Global Strategy on Diet, Physical Activity and Health

As the CEOs of major international food and non-alcoholic beverage companies, we would like to take this opportunity ahead of the World Health Assembly in May to set out our global commitment to further action in support of continuing efforts to implement the 2004 WHO Global

### The need to reduce sodium

Experts agree desirable salt intake is 5-6g/day

- Current salt intake is 9-12 g/day
- Overconsumption of salt is a major contributor to heart and vascular disease as it raises blood pressure
- Meeting these targets will be challenging, but it can be done if we all work together <u>and</u> take consumers on the journey





### What is industry contributing? - sodium reduction examples -

Nestlé(Chile): Maggi new soups & bouillon range with 50% less



Kraft Foods: Dairylea cheese line by 30%



Unilever (EU & South-Creme de Cenoura e Abóbora America): dry soups by 10-15%



Nestlé (India) Maggi Noodles by 34%

General Mills (EU): Old El Paso Dinner Kits by 23%





Unilever (North America): Side dishes by 10–25%



Kellogg's (EU): Major cereal brands by 50%



- All key nutrients, not just sodium
- Measurable changes
- No sacrifice on taste, functionality or safety

Since 2004, more than 28,000 products reformulated to better-for-you options

### Commitments

Company	Where	Aim (timing)
General Mills	US	-20% across 40% of product portfolio (2015)
Kellogg's	Global	Continue reducing salt in breakfast cereals leading brands
Kraft Foods	North America	-10% across product portfolio (2012)
Mars	US	-25% in flavoured varieties of Uncle Ben's rice (2015)
Nestlé	Global	-25% in products with a sodium content greater than 100mg/100kcal (2005-2010)
PepsiCo	Global	-25% in key global brands in key countries (2015)
Unilever	Global	Pursuing 6 g dietary intake (2010) with ambition to go further to 5 g (2015)



### Who is responsible?

Food industry (global players)	Local small food producers
Health authorities global/local	Nutrition/health scientists
Health care professionals	Consumers
Retailers	Restaurants/chefs



# Key challenges

Consumer acceptance

Taste & Technology

- Create understanding & demand for lower sodium foods
- Retain great taste
- No simple solutions

Partnerships > Local implementation

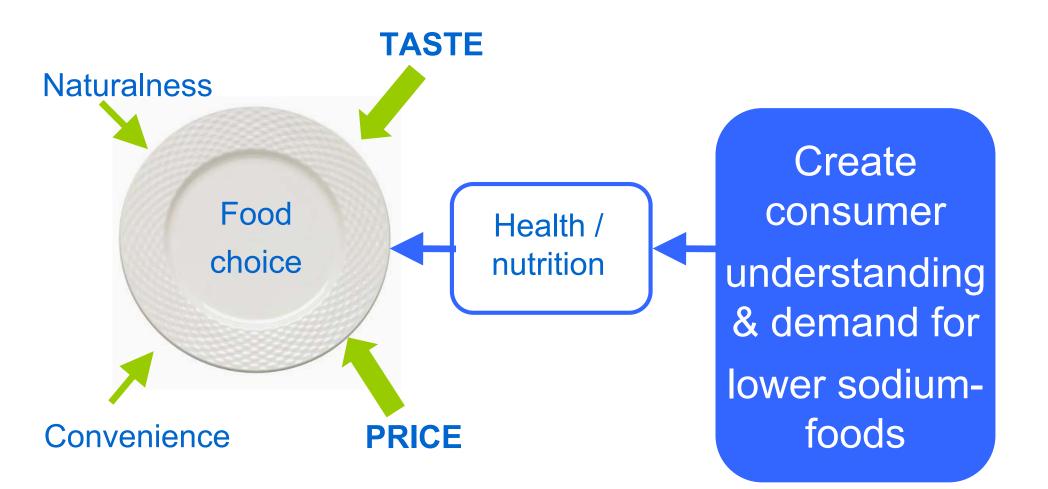




# Consumer acceptance



### **Determinants of food choice**





### **Consumer challenges & solutions**

#### Not wanting to give up taste

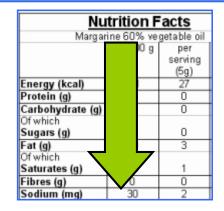


Gradual adaptation Tastier products

Compelling and motivating claims



Nutrition knowledge low



Education & Read the label





#### Perception that Natural = healthy



Look for natural options

## Explore motivating messages: Unilever





See www.youtube.com: Salty – Knorr - Canada



## **Taste & Technology**



# Technology hurdles

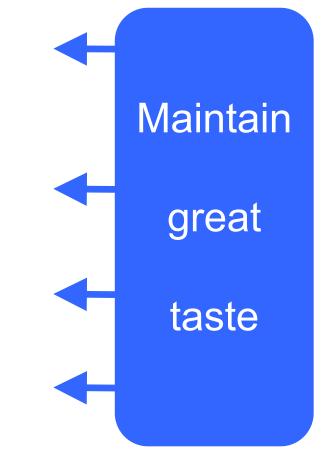


- Salt plays a crucial role in taste, preservation and texture
- No simple solutions

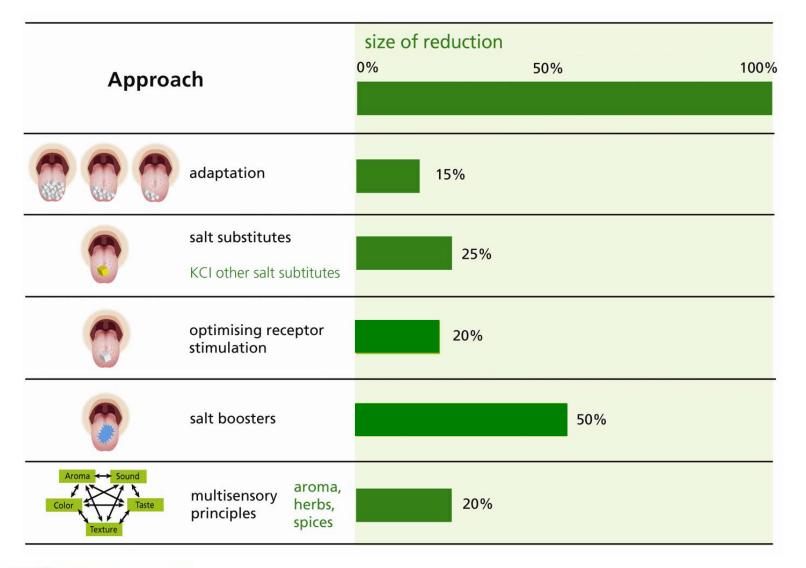
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- Each type of food requires a different approach
- Adaptation only effective when implemented industry-wide
- Breakthrough technologies needed for further reductions beyond 20-30%



### How can we lower sodium?







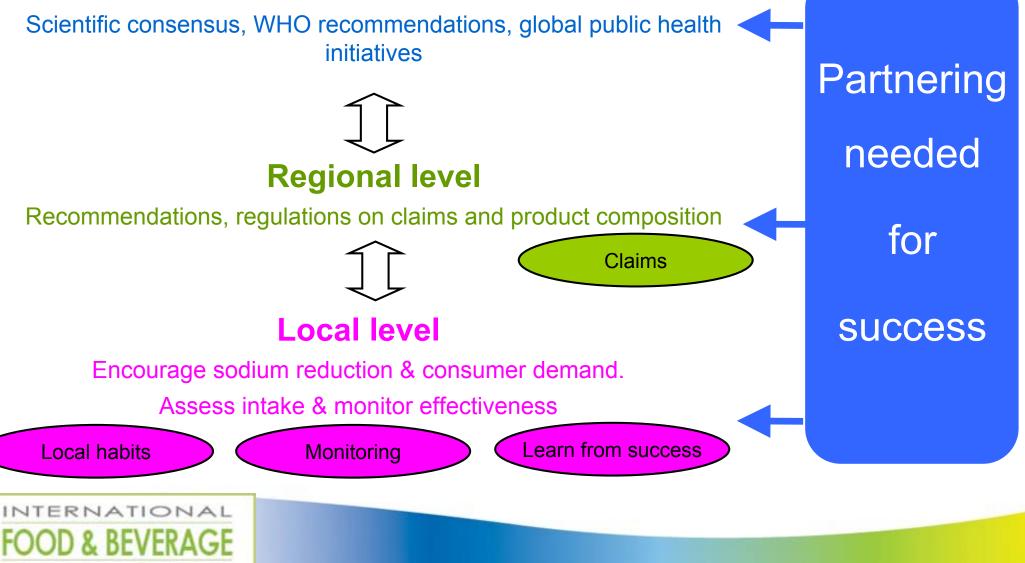
## Partnering



## Sodium reduction journey in action

#### **Global level**

LIAN



#### Way forward: Sustained and joint effort needed to succeed A Let's move ahead on Progress sodium Raise tools to reduction awareness reduce & boost local sodium consumer

INTERNATIONAL

demand

Partnering needed at all levels for successful execution



### **Thank you**

